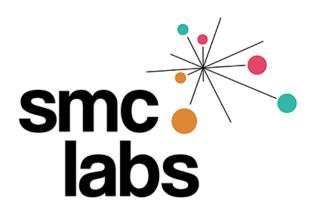


One Year Update: San Mateo County Smart Region

16 May, 2019



Ulysses Vinson
Director, SMC Labs
San Mateo County



San Mateo County Overview

- Located between San Francisco and San Jose
- 455 square miles with dense core (bayside) and rural coastal region
- Diverse population of 756K
- \$2.75 billion operating budget (2018-19)
- 20 incorporated cities with no single "dominant" city
- 23 School Districts
- Median income \$88,202
- Median home price \$1.2M
- Diverse business base





Challenges facing San Mateo County

Bay Area's air quality near nation's worst, climate change to blame Source: SFGate, 17 April 2018

Horgan: A traffic apocalypse is brewing in San Mateo

Source: Mercury News, 29 December 2017

San Mateo County's Latino Digital Divide

Source: San Mateo Daily Journal, 15 October 2016

Many in San Mateo County priced, pushed out of affordable housing

Source: Berkeley News, 16 May 2017



Solving these challenges is outside the capabilities of any one city in San Mateo County

City Centric

One City Focus

City Specific Problems

Limited Funds, Resources and Knowledge Base

Connectivity & Infrastructure Challenges

City centric experience for citizens

Region Centric

Multi-city Regional Focus

Regional Problems

Shared Funds, Resources and Knowledge Base

Shared Connectivity & Infrastructure

Regional experience for citizens



SMC Smart Region is built on an ecosystem framework

Airports

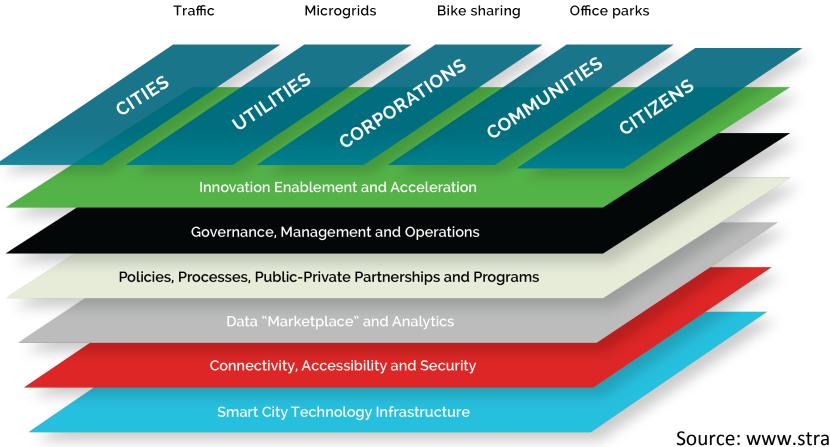
Districts

Private

Micro Services

Ridesharing

Commuting



Streetlights

Water mgmt

Parking

Lighting

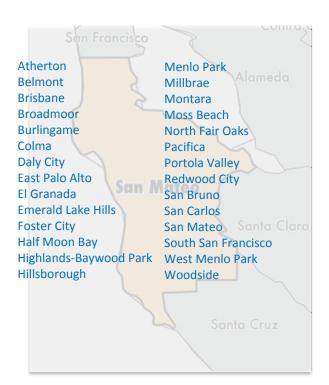
Outcomes

QUALITY OF LIFE
GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY
HEALTH AND WELLNESS
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
SUSTAINABILITY
PUBLIC SAFETY
MOBILITY

Source: www.strategyofthings.io/smart-city-ecosystem

We envision many constituents, many collaborators, one SMC

20 Cities in SMC



City-County Collaboration Opportunities

Center

Smart (

SMC

Citizen Need

City Department Need

City Cross Department Need

of Excellence/SMC Labs Citizen Need

County Department Need

County Cross Department Need

29 SMC Agencies

Agriculture, Weights and Measures Assessor, County Clerk-Recorder & Chief

Elections Officer

Board of Supervisors

Child Support Services

Controller

Coroner

County Counsel

County Managers Office/Clerk of the Board

Court

District Attorney

Fire Protection Services

Health System

Housing (Department of Housing)

Human Resources Department

Human Services Agency

Information Services Department

Parks Department

Planning and Building

Private Defender Program

Probation

Project Development Unit

Public Safety Communications

Public Works

SamCERA (Retirement)

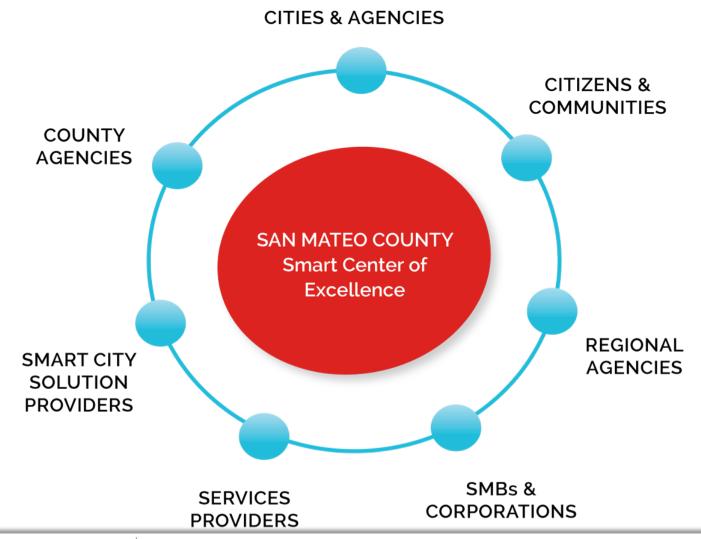
San Mateo County Library

Sheriff's Office

Sustainability Office

Tax Collector / Treasurer / Revenue Services

SMC Smart Center of Excellence



Specialized Team

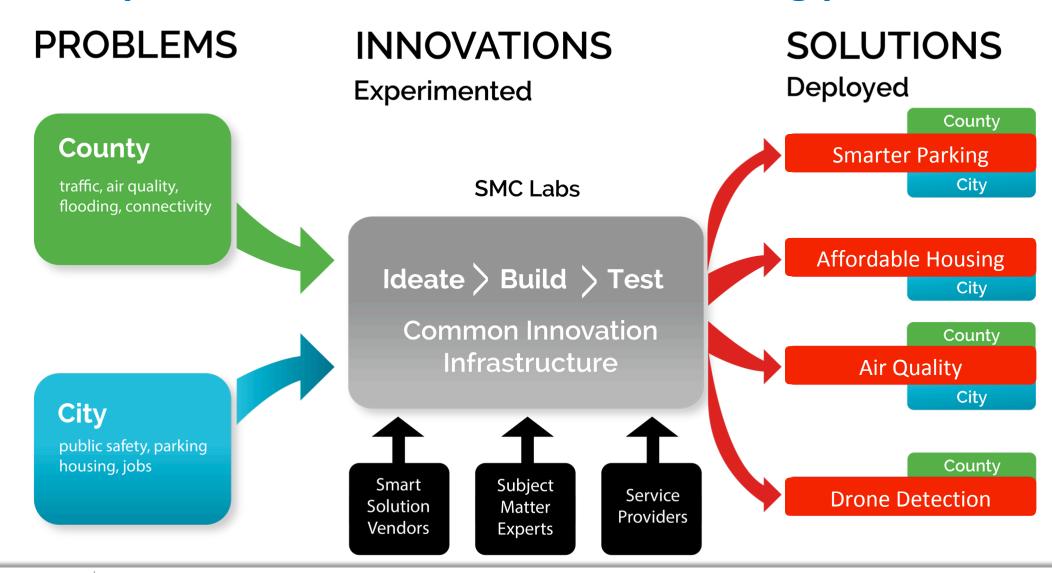
Shared Capabilities

 Digital Innovation Resources

 Innovation Lab and Zones (SMC Labs)



SMC Labs provides the mechanism for solving problems





SMC Innovation Zones

Local Innovation Zones



- A small area around 2 SMC owned buildings (2 cities) to set up gateways and deploy use cases
- Expedited access and setup
- First tests conducted in controlled environment

Countywide Innovation Zone



- Countywide coverage enabled using carrier and service provider LPWAN
- Use cases that require county wide connectivity and operations, including mobile use cases



Building the Smart Region together – our partners

Connectivity



Use Cases







MACHINEQ**





STRATEGY OF THINGS















Use Cases

Public Wi-Fi



Connectivity is a basic digital prerequisite. Even in Silicon Valley, a large population of citizens don't have adequate online access. The goal is to provide connectivity at select locations to close this gap.

Affordable Housing



The process to search and apply for affordable housing units is both complex and cumbersome. Goal is to provide citizens with a seamless process to identify, match and apply for affordable housing.

Landscape Irrigation



Overwatering or underwatering of plants in parks, result in unhealthy plants and excessive water use. The goal is to give plants the exact amount of water needed throughout the year.

Waste Management



Waste bins are over filling, or waste collectors are coming on days when the trash bins are still empty. Goal is to optimize routes and resources for efficient trash collection, reduced truck use, and better service.



Use Cases

Unauthorized Drone Detection



Increased usage of drones for malicious use of drones over public and municipal facilities. Goal is to detect and track these unauthorized drones and locate their operators.

People and Mobility Patterns



Limited awareness of how people move around within a city results in improper service levels, suboptimal citizen engagement and experiences. Goal is to use the data to develop new and more relevant services.

Community IoT Connectivity



IoT connectivity services are slow to roll out. Many communities that need them most are excluded because of economics. Goal is to create a co-create a community based LPWAN network.

Citizen Engagement



City leaders and planners have limited visibility and tools into collecting and understanding citizen sentiment. Goal is to provide an efficient real time tool to collect, localize and analyze citizen and visit inputs and feedback.



Use Case Deep Dive: Smarter Parking

Problem #1:

Drivers with disabilities may voluntarily limit their mobility to certain areas because they are not sure if they can park their car nearby.

Problem #2:

Drivers with electric vehicles may leave those cars at home and drive their gasoline powered vehicles because they don't know where the EV charging stations are, and whether it is available.

Solution Pilot:

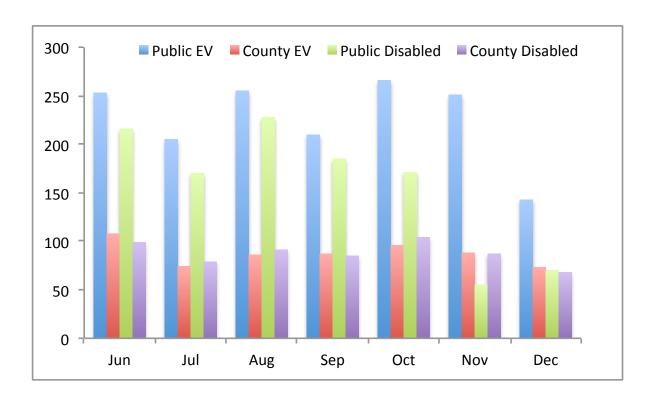
- 22 in ground sensors deployed in SMC garage
 - 6 public EV
 - 4 employee EV
 - 4 disabled public
 - 8 disabled employee
- Fybr smart city platform
- 2 FybrRadio gateways
- Alexa voice integration

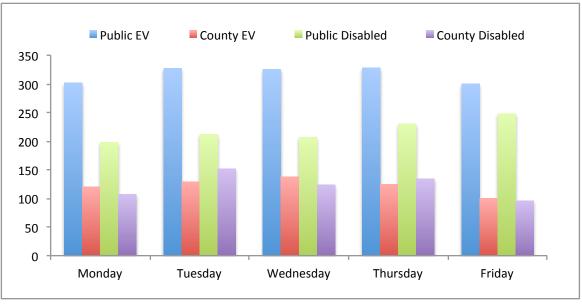
Learnings to date:

- Generally sufficient parking availability and turnover during core hours
- Must drive awareness of available parking to residents and downtown visitors during non-core hours
- Voice interface is a safe way to interact, but voice command needs maturing
- Coordinate sharing of parking information with Redwood City



Parking sessions activity June 1 to Dec 22, 2018

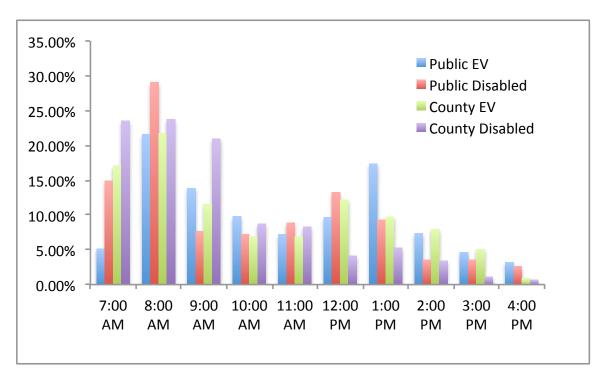




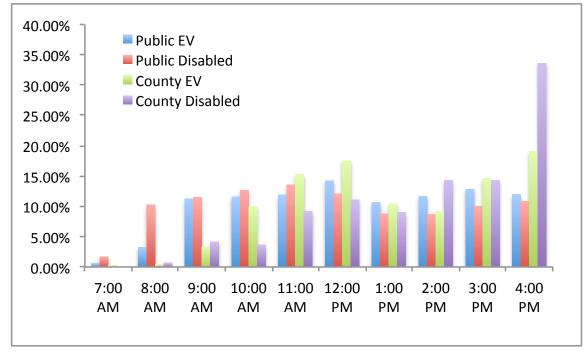


Parking sessions activity June 1 to Dec 22, 2018

What are the popular times to park?

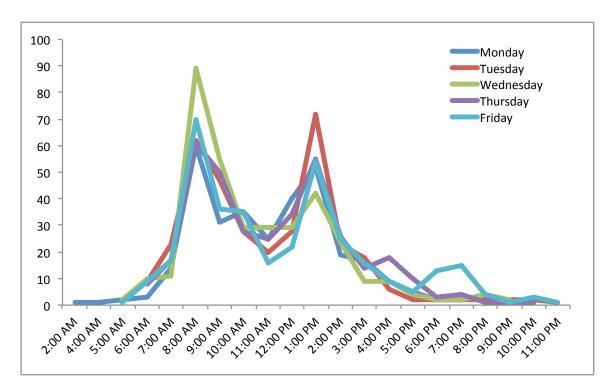


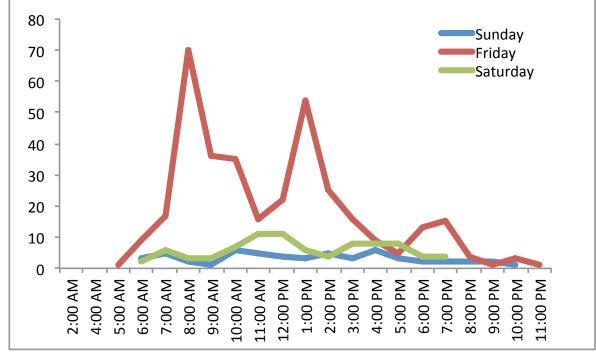
When do most people leave?





Public EV parking activity by time of day June 1 to Dec 22, 2018





During the weekday, two spikes in when people were parking – around 8 am and at 1 pm. This coincides with getting in the morning, and getting back from lunch.

During the weekends, there is significantly less activity. In addition, the parking activity starts after 11 am. On Friday, we see people coming to downtown and parking around the dinner hours.



Use Case Deep Dive: Localized Air Quality Monitoring

Problem:

The BAAQMD regional air quality monitoring network uses a small network (<30) of high cost sensors to monitor AQ conditions in the SF Bay Area. In San Mateo County, there is only one sensor that covers the entire 455 square mile county.

AQ conditions vary block by block, community to community. BAAQMD sensors do not provide the fidelity needed to plan and act locally.

Solution Pilot:

- 10 Clarity AQ sensors network with cloud dashboard
- 3 Fybr AQ sensors integrated into Fybr Smart City platform
- Aclima mobile AQ sensor network and cloud platform
- 10 Purple Air air quality sensors with cloud dashboard

Learnings to date:

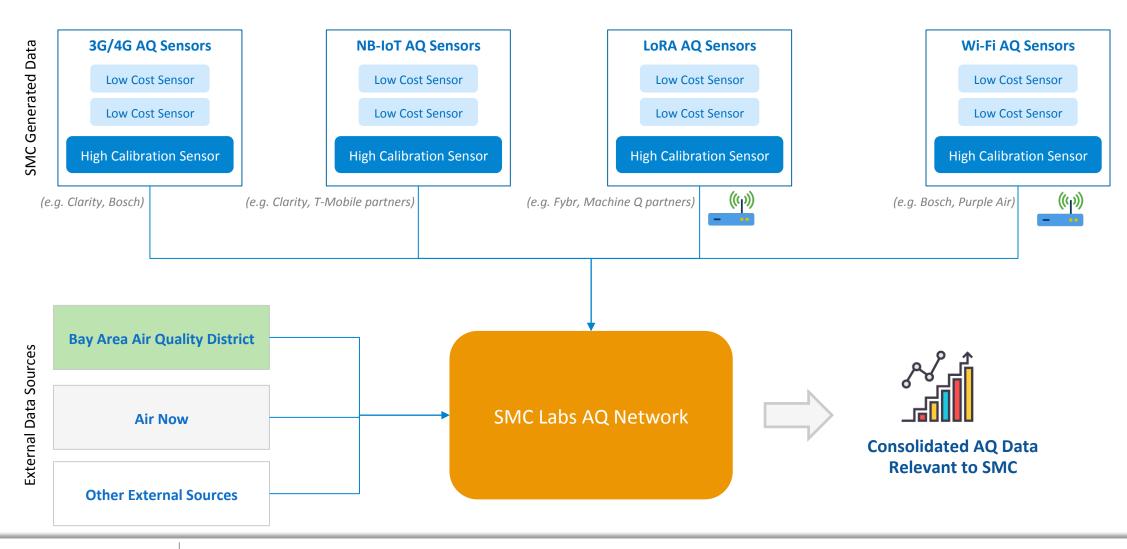
- There is no "one size fits all" approach with AQ monitoring. All have different goals but co-exist with each other.
- Local and "small" events can be detected.
- AQ sensor accuracy will vary from sensor to sensor, brand to brand.
 Understanding of the "science" behind AQ is key to interpreting results.



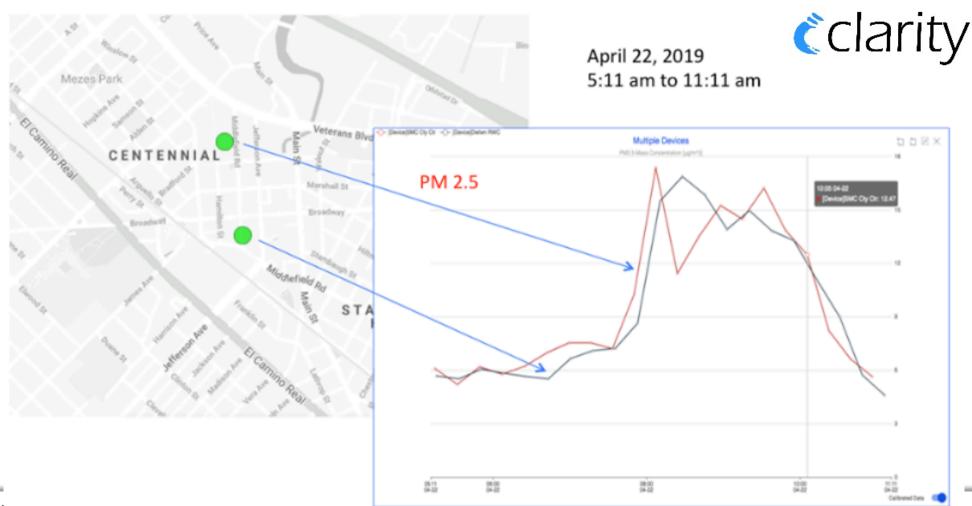
AQ Sensor Capability and Use Categories

	Consumer Air Quality Monitoring	Commercial Air Quality Monitoring	Industrial Air Quality Monitoring	Regulatory Air Quality Air Monitoring
Cost	\$	\$\$	\$\$\$	\$\$\$\$
Field Accuracy	Low	Medium	High	Very High
Use Cases (examples)	 Indicative or informational use only Homes, schools, etc. 	 Indicative or informational use only Community, district or neighborhood monitoring 	 Informs policymaking Compliance and audits High reliability, accuracy and consistency Facilities and plant monitoring and compliance Construction site monitoring and compliance enforcement 	 Informs policy Compliance and audits Government monitoring and alerts Plant emissions monitoring and compliance

SMC Labs AQ Network approach



Use Case Deep Dive: Localized Air Quality Monitoring How do AQ levels vary?





Use Case Deep Dive: Localized Air Quality Monitoring What is the AQ levels street by street?







SMC Smart Region Guiding Principles



Multi-Connectivity



Engage Use Case
Beneficiaries



Start Small and Learn



Focus on problems and outcomes, not technology



Small Investments spread around



Establish True Partnerships



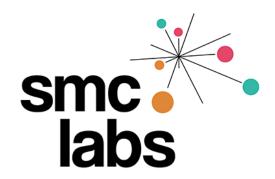
Balance strategy with tactical



Don't reinvent the wheel



For more information





Ulysses Vinson, SMC Labs Director uvinson@smcgov.org

Website: www.smclabs.io